

## Saskatchewan Forklift License

Saskatchewan Forklift License - Acquiring a forklift license or forklift certification in North America would require the one training to carry out classroom instruction in addition to hands-on training. The federal, state and provincial regulatory bodies are responsible for the training, licensing and certification for powered industrial truck operators. Operators may get a license either through training administered by the employer or by a third party. Regardless, regulatory requirements need to be met. Recertification is required every two to three years.

The lift truck is a powered industrial equipment that is designed along with numerous alternatives, like for example stand-up and sit down models, propane and electric versions, and a wide variety of sizes and types to meet the industrial requirements of workers. Operator training courses are usually individualized in order to address the specific kinds and uses for which the operator is training. Training on a gas-powered, sit-down forklift inside a warehouse surroundings would not be the same as training on a stand-up, propane-powered forklift within a shipyard. The various forklifts and their applications makes it impossible to establish universal licensing requirements for all machinery and industries. Regulatory standards, hence, tend not to concentrate on particular program requirements but instead on the outcome of individual training courses.

Employer-provided, on-the-job training is the most common way for operators to receive their forklift certification or license. This method of certification requires the employer to provide classroom sessions and practical training on machinery within the workplace. Employers can choose to train employees on every type of forklift separately, or to train them on all machines combined. The program incorporates lift truck operation procedures, safety procedures, company rules and lift truck maintenance. Subject matters specific to the worksite, like for example hazardous conditions or materials, should be included. Following classroom learning, operators are taught how to safely use and operate each kind of lift truck on the worksite.

Certification through a third-party vendor generally requires an on-site component together with hands-on practice.

Typically, an employer-provided certification would not transfer from the existing employer to the next employer. Obtaining a forklift license through employer-provided training enables the operator to operate a lift truck for that employer only.

The most significant factor of forklift license training is forklift safety. The exact safety training requirements differ from one type of machinery to another. Safety issues vary from industry to industry and from employer to employer. Both third-party providers and employer-provided training might have to deal with additional requirements for safety training in applicable businesses, like in marine and offshore operations.